The law

The regulation requires that everyone at NTNU shall have fire drills and fire prevention courses.
Brann: 110  Politi: 112  Ambulanse: 113

Når ulykke inntreffer
Den som først blir oppmerksom på at ulykke har skjedd, er ansvarlig for varseling. Du skal opplyse om:
- Hvem varsler
- Hva har skjedd
- Hvor ulykkesstedet
- Hvor mange er skadet

When an accident occurs
The first person at the scene is responsible for notification.
Report:
- Who is calling
- What has happened
- Accident location
- How many are injured

Viktige telefonnummber:
- Vaktberedskap ved brann og ulykker NTNU: 800 80 388
- Beredskapstel永不 SINTEF: 73 55 50 00
- NTNU valt etter arbeidstid: 918 97 373
- Legevakti: 07252
- Gittinformasjoner: 22 59 13 00

Important Phone numbers:
- Emergency NTNU: 800 80 388
- Emergency SINTEF: 73 55 50 00
- NTNU Security Guards after working hours: 918 97 373
- Medical Emergency: 07252
- Poisons Information Centre: 22 59 13 00

BRANN- INSTRUKS
Gjør deg kjent med:
- Rømmingsaviser
- Nær sommer brannmelder
- Slikkeutstyr og plangering og virkmåte

Hvis brann oppstår:
- Tøm og lukk brannmøller
- Ringer manuell brannmelder
- Ring brannvesenet på telefon 110

Ved alarm:
- Lukk dører og vinduer
- Steng gasstråner og flaskeventiler
- Fortsett bygning
- Gå til møteplass
- Meld fra der som du vet årset til utlasting alarm

Hels skal ikke benyttes ved brannalarm!

FIRE REGULATIONS
Make yourself familiar with:
- Evacuation routes
- Location of extinguishers and how they work

If a fire starts:
- Try to extinguish the fire
- Activate the manual fire alarms
- Call the Fire Department at tel. 110

If the alarm sounds:
- Shut doors and windows
- Shut off gas taps and cylinder valves
- Leave the building
- Go to the assembly point
- Please report if you know what caused the alarm

Lifts must not be used during fire alarms!

Meeting point
Møteplass

SINTEF  NTNU

Begynnelsen av 2014
Make your self familiar with:
- Evacuation routes
- Manual fire alarms
- Location of fire extinguishers and how they work

If a fire starts:
- Try to extinguish the fire
- Activate the fire alarm (red boxes)
- Call the fire brigade (110)

If the alarm sounds:
- Shut windows and doors
- Shut off gas taps and cylinder valves
- Leave the building
- Go to the meeting point
- Report if you know what caused the alarm
- Lifts must not be used during fire alarms
Fire extinguishers at NTNU

- Powder
- Foam
- CO₂
- Water
Fire Cell Division

The buildings are designed so that a fire should be able to develop freely in a room for about half an hour without it spreading to other rooms.
Prerequisites for the fire cell division to work

A prerequisite for the fire cell division to work is that the door is closed when a fire occurs.

The use of wedges is prohibited!
If you discover a fire don’t hesitate to use the manual firealarm boxes ----→

If you upon evacuation is stopped by a locked door, look for these boxes nearby the door to manually open it ----→
Evacuating

If you discover a fire in your area you shall evacuate immediately from the burning room and out of the building. Follow the green exit signs and gather at meeting point. Assist people in need.

If it’s a small fire you can try to put out the fire with a fire extinguisher. BUT NEVER PUT YOUR OWN SAFETY AT RISK!
• **Evening/weekend**

Call the fire department 110 or NTNU safety guards 918 97 373 (24 hours) if you experience difficulty getting out of a fire - and evacuation situation.
People with disabilities and fire / evacuation

We ask all those who feel the need for assistance with evacuation to speak out so that assistance can be organized from staff (rescue seat or assistance from staff)

Students notifies the faculty advisor for the disabled, Sigurd Madsen, or Facilitation Service.
Fire instructions and evacuation

- Become familiar with the meeting point for evacuation and who is the area manager.

- Area Manager “Områdeansvarlig” (orang vest) to help ensure that everyone evacuates.

- Share information that you may have.
Fire develops quickly. Do not sit around and wait until you see smoke if a fire alarm is set off. Poisonous gas will occur in your area long before you will notice the smoke. Start evacuation immediately.

80% of fire deaths are caused by smoke inhalation/poisonous gas, not burns.